

COUNTY FINANCES.

The People Not to Know Where the Money is Deposited.

An Extraordinary Backdown by a Majority of the Commissioners.

What Some of Them Have to Say in Defense of Their Action.

A Tribune reporter started out yesterday to interview some of the County Commissioners on their extraordinary conduct in voting Monday against a motion of Commissioner Fitzgerald to lay on the table a resolution of Commissioner Burlingame for a reconsideration of the vote by which at the previous meeting, the following portions of some resolutions introduced by Fitzgerald were adopted:

Resolved—Whether the (the County Treasurer) is giving precedence to any of the outstanding orders, and if so, which.

Resolved—The names of the banks with whom he is depositing, and the amounts deposited with each.

Resolved—A list of the bids received for the county bonds sold at the market, and the list of the names of the purchasers.

The object of the resolutions was to find out why the Commissioners voted in the negative on the motion to table the motion to reconsider—why, in short, they were so strenuously opposed to the Treasurer's being called upon to answer for his conduct.

My view of the case, responded Mr. Burlingame, was that it was something about the way the resolutions were worded. I thought they were worded in such a way as to make it impossible for the Treasurer to answer for his conduct. I thought they were worded in such a way as to make it impossible for the Treasurer to answer for his conduct.

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POLITICAL.

LANSALLE COUNTY.

Special Election to the Probate Court.

MENDOTA, Ill., March 11.—In compliance with the request of many of the most influential gentlemen of LaSalle County, Mr. Stephen Arnold, of this city, has decided to be a candidate for the office of County Recorder, rendered vacant by the death of Mr. C. W. Denard.

A Republican Convention will be held at Ottawa on the 18th inst. to nominate candidates for the above vacancy, to which Mendota sends ten delegates. The election is ordered for the 1st of April.

Mr. Arnold is well known and highly respected throughout the county as a gentleman of strict moral rectitude, sound judgment, and good common sense. He has been Justice of the Peace for over ten years, and has been a member of the LaSalle County Board of Supervisors for the last three years.

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THE COURTS.

The Tremont House, and Bryant & Stratton's College.

Record of Judgments, New Suits, Jacksonport Matters, Etc.

R. W. Jackson, Receiver of the Third National Bank, filed a receiver's bill against the Tremont House, bankrupt, owned by the late William Stetson, bankrupt, for \$10,000 each of the Burlington and Northwestern Railway, Lines Bank. S. J. Jackson, receiver of the same, filed a bill against the Tremont House, bankrupt, for \$10,000 each of the Burlington and Northwestern Railway, Lines Bank. S. J. Jackson, receiver of the same, filed a bill against the Tremont House, bankrupt, for \$10,000 each of the Burlington and Northwestern Railway, Lines Bank.

The case of Joseph E. Lockwood was dismissed. Discharged were issued to James McCanley, Andrew DeLongh, Aquila P. Hanston, and David Meyer.

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A. P. Smith and F. R. Wallace, administrators of the estate of John S. Wallace, filed a bill against Mary Ann and Robert H. Gardner and N. B. Rappley to foreclose a trust deed for \$10,000 on the north fifteen feet of Lot 88 in the subdivision of the north twenty-fourths of the Sec. 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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ment citizens, was the origin of the trouble, and the pistol was called in as an arbiter and avenger. It happened that the man who ought to have been killed was spared, while the man whose life was of some benefit to the community was actually butchered. The latter fell a victim to a condition of society which in some degree tolerates the duello as a mode of adjusting disputes, since it appears that no effort was made to prevent Cox from executing his threats against Alston's life. ALSTON was urged to arm in self-defense, but it seems not to have occurred to Gov. COLEQUITT and others to whom Cox communicated his bloody purpose to endeavor to frustrate it by placing him under arrest. It was a murder that ought to have been prevented.

The Republicans of the Eighteenth Ward have not yet secured an Aldermanic candidate. The primary meeting tendered the nomination to Mr. WILLIAM H. BUSE, who came out the next morning in a card prominently declining, for business reasons. We trust the Club will secure the acceptance of some first-rate man. The ward is well provided with excellent material, and it does seem that a good, popular candidate might be selected. The ward pays nearly half the taxes of the North Side, and hundreds of its citizens pay taxes on property in the other divisions of the city, and yet they have been very careless of late about having a good Alderman. Last spring the citizens who professed to be in favor of economy and reform allowed the business and pleasure interests to get away with them and elect an Alderman who instinctively acts with the scalewags. There is a Republican majority of 500 to 700 in the ward, and yet, through inexcusable apathy and inefficient management, the excellent Republican candidate last spring was beaten by a Democrat who "runs" with the revenue-drawers, and whose highest ambition is to be prodigal with other people's money. The retiring Alderman, take his record all together, has behaved well and worked for the interests of the taxpayers. Shall his successor be a second Jones or a man like Alex. Kirk? The Council is becoming too heavily loaded with members of the stripe of Jones, Lawrence, Starnes, McCreary, McCarty, et al. *et cetera* for the public good and taxpayers' safety. While the respectable citizens sleep, the bums grow tatter in their waist.

THE SPEAKERSHIP OF CONGRESS.

The position of Speaker of the National House of Representatives is one of the most responsible and important offices under the Government. The Speaker is almost always a conspicuous party leader, though his duties require primarily that he should be unpartisan and impartial in his rulings. There is no man in American public life who has so much dictatorial power as the Speaker within his own domain. He nominates all the House Committees, and in his selection of members for committee places and Chairmanships, he is able to do more toward shaping the legislation of the session than the party caucus which has placed him in power. His latitude is so broad and his rulings have so much force that he is frequently able to accomplish or defeat any proposed legislation. He may be the terror or the patron of the lobby. He is in direct session to the President, as the law provides in a certain emergency, that the Speaker of the House shall become President of the United States. Besides, his opportunities are such that, properly improved, they may be made to further any ambition he may have for a higher place. Altogether, the attributes of the Speaker's position are such as to render him one of the chief men in the nation.

It is not surprising, under these conditions, that the struggle for the position of Speaker should always be animated. It is the place of all others that fills the eye of the ambitious House member. The contest this year promises to be more lively, perhaps more acrimonious, than usual. The calling of the extra session shortly after the demise of the old Congress has cut short the usual opportunities for canvassing and wire-pulling which are afforded by the ordinary recess from March to December, and no one person can feel with anything like certainty that he has secured a majority of his party caucus by a judicious distribution of favors and shrewd harmonizing of interests. It was almost a foregone conclusion, for instance, that Mr. BLAINE would be elected Speaker of the Forty-fifth Congress. Mr. Blaine was nominated by acclamation for Mayor. He has been a member of this city for many years; a man of shipboard judgment, quick perceptions, sound principles, and a citizen of irreproachable private character. He will take into the office of Mayor a ripe business experience and a reputation for high personal integrity, and will devote his energies to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office and to the protection of the best interests of society.

The Convention nominated another business-man, Mr. MARCUS A. FARWELL, of the long-established firm of GRANNIS & FARWELL, for the office of Treasurer. In this respect the Convention was in line with the Convention of the Forty-fifth Congress, long before the session began; but no one can claim with equal assurance that he will be elected Speaker of the Forty-sixth Congress. The Democrats, to begin with, are not yet agreed among themselves as to the choice; secondly, there are threats of bolting in case either of the two most prominent Democratic candidates be nominated; and, thirdly, it is not absolutely certain that a Democrat can carry the day with any deflection in the Democratic ranks, unless the Greenback vote also go to him. Hence the great perturbation in Washington.

If the Democratic caucus make an nomination for Speaker, which is doubted in some quarters on account of the danger of a bolt and consequent defeat, the choice will most certainly fall upon either RANDALL or BLACKBURN, for the friends and supporters of each are so determined that they will scarcely compromise on a third man. BLACKBURN has a dangerous element of strength in the condition of the "Solid South." There are a number of Democratic members from the South, and four calling themselves Nationalists, who are probably not any less Democrats on that account. BLACKBURN himself is a typical Bourbon. He was so much of a believer in the right of secession that he went into the Confederate army, through his own State (Kentucky) remained in the Union. He answers all the demands of the ex-Confederates, and is foremost among those who advocate the enforced repeal of the National Election law by refusing to vote supplies for the Government until such repeal should be enacted. He is in full sympathy with the sectional demand for subsidies, and will sustain the Southern scheme of an income tax for the purpose of forcing money out of the prosperous North to supply such subsidies. There is little wonder, then, that Mr. BLACKBURN counts upon a large support from the "Solid South." He would probably receive the whole of it but for two circumstances, viz: (1) Many of the Southern Democrats are under strong personal obligations to RANDALL for his past favors in giving them committees and otherwise aiding them; and (2) there are some Democrats from the South who are not Democrats on that point, but who are in the Presidential prospects of their party if they insist that the Speaker shall be a Southern man, and who doubt, too, whether Mr. BLACKBURN or anybody else can be elected as the candidate of the "Solid South." Hence, while a large majority of the Demo-

cratic caucus (the Southern members) would prefer to elect BLACKBURN, prudential reasons may induce them to abandon the attempt. As against BLACKBURN, Mr. RANDALL has some elements of strength and some elements of weakness. It is in his favor that he has made a good Speaker; though a strong partisan, he has been governed in many trying cases by a sense of the serious responsibility which rests upon the office, and which ought always to exclude partisanship. At the same time, his conduct as Speaker, and especially in the making-up of the Committees, has made him many bitter enemies in his own party. A few men like Cox, of New York, and McCreary, of Illinois, resented his election as the first place as a personal injury to themselves, in the belief that they severally should have been chosen, but their animosity was subsequently intensified by RANDALL's slighting their claims to prominent committee places. On the other hand, RANDALL's tenure of the office has enabled him to make friends among the ex-Confederates, who, other things being equal, would support BLACKBURN as the candidate of the "Solid South." The support which RANDALL will receive from the Tilden faction will both help him and hurt him. It will help him because the Tilden faction will look upon the election of Speaker as part of the Presidential campaign, and will support RANDALL with money and promises as one of the steps toward securing the Democratic nomination for Tilden next year. But this Tilden alliance will hurt him, too, because if it shall be conspicuously developed it will furnish the Greenbackers with a reason for throwing their support to BLACKBURN. The lobby will play a prominent part in the choice of the candidate, and it is now said that RANDALL has not been as gracious to the lobby as he was expected to be.

The Republicans are in the minority in the Forty-sixth Congress, and do not count upon electing one of their own number Speaker. It may be, nevertheless, that they will be able to exert a deciding influence in the final choice. The Greenbackers have been exaggerating their strength with a view to trading their votes for future favors, and in case there shall be no Democratic caucus nominee, or in the event of a Democratic bolt, they may be able to assert themselves. They claim to hold the balance of power, but the fact seems to be that a solid Greenback vote would only affect the situation in case of a defection among the Democrats. But in such case the Republicans might also be in a position to shape the result. It is rumored, indeed, that RANDALL has some assurances that he will receive enough Republican votes to elect him, if he shall be a candidate against BLACKBURN as the "Solid South" and Greenback candidate. It is too early in the fight to predict anything of that kind, and it is reasonably certain that no such pledges have been made; but the rumor serves to show that the Republicans may yet determine the choice of Speaker. In a strict partisan sense, it might be better for the Republicans to give the "Solid South" and the Flatists all the rope they want; but in a higher national sense the Republicans would be warranted in taking such advantage of a contention among their opponents as would secure the most available man for Speaker, even though he be not a member of their own party.

THE CITY NOMINATIONS.

The Republican Convention yesterday had a very harmonious and enthusiastic session, which resulted appropriately in the nomination of a ticket that will command the united support of the Republicans and the respect of all citizens of all parties. Mr. A. M. WATSON was nominated by acclamation for Mayor. He has been a member of this city for many years; a man of shipboard judgment, quick perceptions, sound principles, and a citizen of irreproachable private character. He will take into the office of Mayor a ripe business experience and a reputation for high personal integrity, and will devote his energies to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office and to the protection of the best interests of society.

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What is done with this annual surplus is not explained, and we do not know, but suppose it is taken up by the State Superintendent, or somewhere at Springfield. It will be seen that the tax to raise \$1,000,000 is levied on the basis of \$1,400,000. Of this, \$300,000 is consumed in commissions, fees, costs, and abatements. It will be seen that the expense of raising the one million of dollars is enormous and shameful. If the privilege of raising this tax was given to the people of each county, it could be collected at far less loss and cost than that now sustained. As it is, fifty counties in the State receive \$129,000 more of the State revenue than they contribute to the Treasury. This deficit on the part of these counties is made good by the County of Cook, which paid, in 1876, over \$129,000 more than it received back, while the other fifty counties supplied the surplus of over \$100,000 to feed the pensioners and others—tax-payers who live upon the Public Treasury in and around Springfield.

This scandalous abuse needs a remedy. That remedy is for the State to levy annually a tax of one mill for school purposes, the tax to be collected in each county and retained there for the support of their schools. According to the last State valuation, this tax would produce \$850,000, and that would be a saving to the people of the State of \$100,000. The tax would be levied on the basis of \$1,400,000 and the sum now paid to the counties, which sum is now lost on the way to the State Treasury and after it gets there the leakage and shrinkage are shameful, and should be stopped. If the tax of one mill be not enough, let it be increased, but have it so provided that all the tax levied and collected shall pass directly into the County Treasury for local school purposes. Every county would then have more money than it now gets in proportion to the tax it pays, and each would get all the school tax for school purposes they raise.

DEMOCRATS AT THE CONFIDENTIAL.

Florida was one of the States of which Mr. TILDEN swore, with a well-simulated burst of indignation: "I declare before God and my country that it is my entire belief that their votes and certificates were bought, and that the President was elected by their votes." Before Mr. HAYES got through with the Sage of Gramercy Park that venerable old politician was forced to admit that the evidence on which he had called God and his country to witness his belief in himself as "a martyr" and "the great defender" was nothing but certain loose statements which he had read in newspapers. According to late reports from Washington, an entirely new light is soon to be thrown upon the Florida election of 1876. Some of the scandals who were active in perpetrating the fraud in Hayes's district last autumn, so the report runs, are being the doors of the Penitentiary yawning to receive them, "are now ready to confess not only the frauds of which they were guilty in 1876, but also similar ones by which the greater part of the Republican majority in that State was destroyed in the Presidential election." It will be remembered by those who gave close attention to the returns in 1876 that the early reports from Florida were of the most encouraging character to Republicans, indicating that HAYES had carried the State by a handsome majority of a thousand at least. It was at this time, when the returns from Democratic counties began to be held back, as was then believed by the Republicans, with a view to making sufficient returns in time to save the State for TILDEN. Very little light has ever been thrown upon this part of the Democratic programme in Florida. The country knows just how many "dangle signals" Moses, Mantou, Ark, and Shalimar MAHON threw out, but it remained for the rogues in Hayes's district to tell not only how they cheated in 1876, but how they cheated in 1876. The frauds in Hayes's district last fall were so monstrous that the Republicans determined to unearth them, and they have succeeded in capturing the tools with which the dirty work of the Democratic party was performed. And, as these tools are not

benefits, and all concluded by one verdict, the same evidence applying to the benefits and the damages. Then there would be an end to the business. The assessment for benefits would pay the damages, and as soon as the money was collected the work would go on.

The twenty-eight gentlemen who represent this county in the General Assembly are aware of all these difficulties, and aware of the paralysis the law inflicts on all such improvements. The Law Department of the City Government is all well aware of it. The Commissioner of Public Works is met by this difficulty every day. Yet no one seems to have taken any steps to have the wretched law remedied, or the embargo removed. One member of the Legislature was moved to the extent of sketching a bill, after consulting with those experienced in the matter. His proposed bill provided that a Commission be appointed by the Court to assess both damages and benefits after full notice, and report the findings to the Court. Then, after full notice to all persons concerned, the report to be confirmed except where objections are filed; one jury to be impeached to try all the objections both as to benefits and damages, and one verdict to determine all cases of fact; the Commission to determine the proportion of the cost to be paid by the city. The preparation of the bill seems to have been the end of the matter. No further action has been heard of; no Cook County member seems to consider it any part of his business to attend to any interest of the public in this highly important matter, and at the end of a four-months' session the twenty-eight "Cooks" will come home, "worn out" with their labor in doing nothing of any material concern to their constituents. A proposition to establish half a dozen new offices now would excite the liveliest industry, and the keen scent for public plunder would lead the whole delegation to prodigious activity.

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Democracy blades by any means, but only common clay humans, they equal at the prospect of hard labor in the Penitentiary. Nor are they so much to blame, either. When a ruffian is hired to lie, cheat, steal, commit highway robbery or murder, there is an implied contract that the employer will protect the employe, and save him from the just penalty of his crime. In the present instance, the United States Courts have seized the ruffians, the employe is powerless to save the employe from the penalty of the law. This being the situation, the rogues have confessed, made a clean breast of it; and they have turned old Time's dial back two years, and told just how the Democratic party tried to rob the Republicans of the Electoral vote of Florida. These rogues who helped to do the job swear that "The changes which the Democrats made in the returns from a single county were sufficient, if corrected, to take Florida out of the list of doubtful States and make it Republican on the face of the returns by so large a majority that, if everything which the Democrats claimed before the canvassing Board had been conceded to them, the Republicans would still have been hundreds ahead."

"Time makes all things even." Two years and a half have passed, and there comes a new revelation of the monstrous wickedness of the party that has been engaged an equal length of time in investigating alleged frauds on the part of the Republican party! All these Democratic investigations have abounded in lies and slanders of the Republican party, but the outcome of every one of them has been a fresh exposure of Democratic villainy.

The statement comes from Washington that Treasurer GILLMAN has been urging Secretary SHERMAN to authorize the disbursement of some of the \$24,000,000 of silver dollars now piled up in the Treasury vaults, and accumulating at the rate of \$60,000 a day, but that the

[illegible]

constitution becomes affixed it requires the aid of a purifying medicine to remove the morbid matter which HELMBOLD'S BUCHU does so effectively.

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is unequalled by any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION,

Bleatiness, Pain of the Stomach, Acidity, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Eructation, And Taste in the Mouth.

The above are the principal symptoms of Indigestion, and a thousand other painful symptoms, are the offspring of this disease.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

vigorates the Stomach, stimulates the torpid Liver, invigorates the whole healthy action in dissolving the obstructions of all impurities, and in imparting new life and energy to the system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the sufferer of its efficacy.

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New York.

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JOHN HOLLAND'S Patent Record GOLD PEN

one of the highest achievements of the manufacture of Gold Bars and Bars of Silver for more than twenty years. The "RECORD" Pen is produced by a skillful combination of the two precious and non-precious metals, 12 for Gold and Platinum, while the ordinary gold pen combines silver and non-precious metals. It shines without yielding heat electricity, density and steel like the ordinary pen. The "RECORD" Gold Pen Points are of the best Iridium. Diamonds, indestructible with fair wear, and beautiful and durable.

Steel pen writers have now every objection to the "RECORD" Pen removed. It is made of Pen which will endure and not oxidize, severely tested and found to be the best. It is a simple, possesses durability, Permanency of Spring and Perfection of Point. Price, \$2.50, sold by Jewellers and Stationers in all Cities. Write for latest order direct from J. W. HOLLAND, *Manufacturers, 17 W. 4th St., Cincinnati.*

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F. J. FULLER, Proprietor,
WEST QUINCY, MASS.

QUINCY GRANITE WORKS, Quincy, Mass. Our business, executed in the best manner, in LIGHT, DARK, and AMBRO GRANITE.

GRANITE
Estimates or orders for building Work promptly supplied. Granite for all purposes, cut and squared blue and white, and we have extensive Steam Sawmills and correspondence and orders solicited.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Depot, 10th St. and Broadway.

KANSAS CITY & ST. JOE EXPRESS. 8:05 P.M. to 6:55 A.M.
Pullman Palace Dining-Car and Pullman, to-wheel
Stations are Fair between Chicago and Kansas
City and St. Joe.

**CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS, AND CHICAGO
& KANSAS CITY & DEVERIA GREAT LAKES.**
Union Depot, West Side, near Madison-st. bridge.
Twenty-three daily. Tickets Office, 125 Madison-st.

KANSAS CITY & DEVERIA EXP. 8:05 a.m. 8:55 a.m.
St. Louis, Springfield & Texas 7:15 a.m.
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The Past Two Summer Seasons

have proven the fact that Fisher's Island, in the Atlantic Ocean, nine miles from New London, Connecticut, and Watch Hill, in the Long Island Sound, are the most promising Summer Resorts in America. The Franchise of the estate is desirous of negotiating with parties for the erection of a first class hotel, and which location will be made. Full particulars may be obtained by writing to

JAMES H. LYLES, Trustee

Fisher's Island is nine miles long, one 1/2 mile across in its widest part, in the shape of a triangle. Watch Hill is 1/2 mile long and Watch Hill, having very many natural swimming places, and a fine room of the hotel is reserved here, and combines all that they separately possess.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Express	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
St. Louis Paid Through	8:30 a.m.	8:50 a.m.
Calno & New Orleans Express	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Calno & Texas	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Piedmont Express	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago & St. Paul	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago, Burlington & Keokuk	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago & St. Louis	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago & Sioux City	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago & Omaha	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Chicago & Minneapolis	8:30 a.m.	8:45 p.m.

Chicago & St. Louis Express runs daily except on Saturdays and Sundays.
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NIGHT RUN TRAINS TO PEORIA ONLY.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Depot, foot of Lake-st. and foot of Twenty-second-st. at Peoria, Ill. Pullman Palace Cars, Pullman Dining Cars, Pullman Grand Palace Hotel, and at Palmer House.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail (via Man and Air Line)	7:00 a.m.	8:05 a.m.
Day Express	8:00 a.m.	9:10 a.m.
Kalamazoo Accommodation	4:00 p.m.	7:05 p.m.
Chicago (daily)	7:00 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
Night Express	7:00 p.m.	7:45 a.m.

PITTSBURGH, T. & WYATT & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

Depot, corner Clark and Madison-ave. Ticket Office, 66 Clark-st., Palmer House, and at Palmer House.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Express	8:30 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Fast Mail Express	8:15 p.m.	7:00 p.m.

RAILROADS TO OHIO.

Trains leave from Exposition Building, foot of Monroe-st. for Cincinnati, Columbus, and other points.

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